Complete Summary

TITLE

Prevention of pressure ulcers: percentage of patients 65 years of age or older who were assessed within 24 hours of admission to hospital for the risk of developing pressure ulcers.

SOURCE(S)

Ministry of Health. Safe practices indicators project: background, summary of methods and measurement strategies. Madrid: Ministry of Health; 2009 Feb 20. 97 p.

Measure Domain

PRIMARY MEASURE DOMAIN

Process

The validity of measures depends on how they are built. By examining the key building blocks of a measure, you can assess its validity for your purpose. For more information, visit the Measure Validity page.

SECONDARY MEASURE DOMAIN

Does not apply to this measure

Brief Abstract

DESCRIPTION

This measure is used to determine the percentage of patients 65 years of age or older who were assessed within 24 hours of admission to hospital for the risk of developing pressure ulcers.

Note: This indicator may apply to other ages. Focusing on elderly make possible simultaneous measurement with other indicators in the same sample of patients and underlines the appropriateness of the indicator compliance. Any standard risk-assessment tool is accepted.

RATIONALE

All patients are at the risk of developing pressure ulcers when seriously ill, immobile for a prolonged period or unable to respond to pressure discomforts. However, prevention is the key to reducing the prevalence of pressure ulcers. Appropriate prevention methods are known and widely available, although

substantially underused. The evidence shows that risk assessment for pressure ulcers is not performed in a consistent or predictable manner.

Main aim of indicator: to increase the percentage of elderly hospital patients (65 years or over) who are assessed within 48 hours of admission to hospital for the risk of developing pressure ulcers.

PRIMARY CLINICAL COMPONENT

Pressure ulcer risk assessment

DENOMINATOR DESCRIPTION

Total number of patients 65 years of age or older who have been hospitalized at least two days

Note: This indicator may apply to other ages.

NUMERATOR DESCRIPTION

Number of patients 65 years of age or older who have been in hospital at least two days and who, according to documented evidence, were assessed within 24 hours of admission for the risk of developing pressure ulcers \times 100

Evidence Supporting the Measure

EVIDENCE SUPPORTING THE CRITERION OF QUALITY

- A clinical practice guideline or other peer-reviewed synthesis of the clinical evidence
- A formal consensus procedure involving experts in relevant clinical, methodological, and organizational sciences
- A systematic review of the clinical literature
- One or more research studies published in a National Library of Medicine (NLM) indexed, peer-reviewed journal

Evidence Supporting Need for the Measure

NEED FOR THE MEASURE

Overall poor quality for the performance measured Variation in quality for the performance measured

EVIDENCE SUPPORTING NEED FOR THE MEASURE

Ministerio de Sanidad y Consumo. Indicadores de buenas practicas sobre seguridad del paciente. Resultados de su medicion en una muestra de hospitales del sistema nacional de salud Español. Madrid: Ministerio de Sanidad y Consumo; 2008. 95 p.

State of Use of the Measure

STATE OF USE

Current routine use

CURRENT USE

Internal quality improvement

Application of Measure in its Current Use

CARE SETTING

Hospitals

PROFESSIONALS RESPONSIBLE FOR HEALTH CARE

Advanced Practice Nurses Nurses

LOWEST LEVEL OF HEALTH CARE DELIVERY ADDRESSED

Single Health Care Delivery Organizations

TARGET POPULATION AGE

Age greater than or equal to 65 years

TARGET POPULATION GENDER

Either male or female

STRATIFICATION BY VULNERABLE POPULATIONS

Unspecified

Characteristics of the Primary Clinical Component

INCIDENCE/PREVALENCE

 $28.8\% \pm 0.8$ (95% Confidence Interval) of hospitalized patients aged greater than 65 have been assessed for pressure ulcer risk within the first 24 hours after admission.

EVIDENCE FOR INCIDENCE/PREVALENCE

Ministerio de Sanidad y Consumo. Indicadores de buenas practicas sobre seguridad del paciente. Resultados de su medicion en una muestra de hospitales del sistema nacional de salud Español. Madrid: Ministerio de Sanidad y Consumo; 2008. 95 p.

ASSOCIATION WITH VULNERABLE POPULATIONS

Unspecified

BURDEN OF ILLNESS

Unspecified

UTILIZATION

Unspecified

COSTS

Unspecified

Institute of Medicine National Healthcare Quality Report Categories

IOM CARE NEED

Staying Healthy

IOM DOMAIN

Safety

Data Collection for the Measure

CASE FINDING

Users of care only

DESCRIPTION OF CASE FINDING

Patients 65 years of age or older who have been hospitalized at least two days

DENOMINATOR SAMPLING FRAME

Patients associated with provider

DENOMINATOR INCLUSIONS/EXCLUSIONS

Inclusions

Total number of patients 65 years of age or older who have been hospitalized at least two days

Note: This indicator may apply to other ages.

Exclusions

None

RELATIONSHIP OF DENOMINATOR TO NUMERATOR

All cases in the denominator are equally eligible to appear in the numerator

DENOMINATOR (INDEX) EVENT

Institutionalization

DENOMINATOR TIME WINDOW

Time window is a fixed period of time

NUMERATOR INCLUSIONS/EXCLUSIONS

Inclusions

Number of patients 65 years of age or older who have been in hospital at least two days and who, according to documented evidence, were assessed within 24 hours of admission for the risk of developing pressure ulcers \times 100

Exclusions

None

MEASURE RESULTS UNDER CONTROL OF HEALTH CARE PROFESSIONALS, ORGANIZATIONS AND/OR POLICYMAKERS

The measure results are somewhat or substantially under the control of the health care professionals, organizations and/or policymakers to whom the measure applies.

NUMERATOR TIME WINDOW

Fixed time period

DATA SOURCE

Administrative data Medical record

LEVEL OF DETERMINATION OF QUALITY

Individual Case

PRE-EXISTING INSTRUMENT USED

None

Computation of the Measure

SCORING

Rate

INTERPRETATION OF SCORE

Better quality is associated with a higher score

ALLOWANCE FOR PATIENT FACTORS

Unspecified

STANDARD OF COMPARISON

Internal time comparison

Evaluation of Measure Properties

EXTENT OF MEASURE TESTING

After pilot testing, the set of indicators has been measured in a random sample of 25 Spanish hospitals, stratified by hospital size. The main objective has been to field test the feasibility of measurement in the various settings representing real life situations in the context of the Spanish Health Care System.

Both the whole indicators validation report and the results of the baseline measurement in a sample of the Spanish National Health Service (NHS) hospitals may be accessed and downloaded from the Spanish Ministry of Health web page (in Spanish):

- Validation report
- Results of baseline measurement in Spanish NHS hospitals

EVIDENCE FOR RELIABILITY/VALIDITY TESTING

Ministerio de Sanidad y Consumo. Construccion y validacion de indicadores de buenas practicas sobre seguridad del paciente. Madrid: Ministerio de Sanidad y Consumo; 2008. 178 p.

Ministerio de Sanidad y Consumo. Indicadores de buenas practicas sobre seguridad del paciente. Resultados de su medicion en una muestra de hospitales del sistema nacional de salud Español. Madrid: Ministerio de Sanidad y Consumo; 2008. 95 p.

Ministry of Health. Safe practices indicators project: background, summary of methods and measurement strategies. Madrid: Ministry of Health; 2009 Feb 20. 97 p.

Identifying Information

ORIGINAL TITLE

Percentage of patients over 65 years of age who are assessed within 24 hours of admission to hospital for the risk of developing pressure ulcers.

MEASURE COLLECTION

Safe Practices Indicators Project

MEASURE SET NAME

Adopting Safe Practices in Specific Clinical Care Settings or for Specific Processes of Care

MEASURE SUBSET NAME

Prevention of Pressure Ulcers

SUBMITTER

Spanish Agency for Healthcare Quality of the Spanish Ministry of Health

DEVELOPER

Grupo de Investigación sobre Gestión de la Calidad en Servicios de Salud, University of Murcia, under contract to the Spanish Ministry of Health

FUNDING SOURCE(S)

Agency for Quality, Spanish Ministry of Health

COMPOSITION OF THE GROUP THAT DEVELOPED THE MEASURE

Saturno, Pedro J., MD, DrPH; Group Director and Project PI

Castillo, Carmen; López, M. José; Ramón, Teresa; Nurses

Carrillo, Andrés, MD; Intensive Care Specialist

Iranzo, M. Dolores; Hospital pharmacist

Soria, Victor, MD; Surgeon

Parra, Pedro, MD; Gomis, Rafael, MD; Gascón, Juan J., MD; Quality Management Specialists

FINANCIAL DISCLOSURES/OTHER POTENTIAL CONFLICTS OF INTEREST

Project entirely financed by the Spanish Ministry of Health.

ADAPTATION

Measure was not adapted from another source.

RELEASE DATE

2009 Feb

MEASURE STATUS

This is the current release of the measure.

SOURCE(S)

Ministry of Health. Safe practices indicators project: background, summary of methods and measurement strategies. Madrid: Ministry of Health; 2009 Feb 20. 97 p.

MEASURE AVAILABILITY

The individual measure, "Percentage of Patients Over 65 Years of Age Who are Assessed Within 24 Hours of Admission to Hospital for the Risk of Developing Pressure Ulcers," is published in "Safe Practices Indicators Project: Background, Summary of Methods and Measurement Strategies."

For more information, contact:

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 OR
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COMPANION DOCUMENTS

The following are available:

 Ministerio de Sanidad y Consumo. Construccion y validacion de indicadores de buenas practicas sobre seguridad del paciente. Madrid: Ministerio de Sanidad y Consumo; 2008. 178 p. This document is available in Portable Document

- Format (PDF) from the <u>Ministry of Health and Social Policy Web site</u> (in Spanish).
- Ministerio de Sanidad y Consumo. Indicadores de buenas practicas sobre seguridad del paciente. Resultados de su medicion en una muestra de hospitales del sistema nacional de salud Español. Madrid: Ministerio de Sanidad y Consumo; 2008. 95 p. This document is available in PDF from the Ministry of Health and Social Policy Web site (in Spanish).

NQMC STATUS

This NQMC summary was completed by ECRI Institute on August 21, 2009. The information was verified by the measure developer on December 16, 2009.

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